

For questions 31 – 40 read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space. Only one answer is correct.

THE APOLLO MOON LANDING

50 years ago, on July 20th, 1969, Apollo 11 astronauts Neill Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin became the first humans to ...(31)... their foot on the moon. The United States had won the space race with the Soviet Union. After ...(32)... from Kennedy Space Centre in Florida on July 16th, the lunar module Eagle landed on the moon's surface. Four days after the lunar landing, Apollo 11 successfully splashed down in the Pacific Ocean. The race to the moon began in 1962 when President John F. Kennedy ...(33)... that America would land a man on the moon by the end of the decade. In the following years, the American space agency NASA received large amounts of government ...(34)... in order to achieve a lunar landing. The Apollo spacecraft consisted of the command and service modules, as well as the lunar landing module that would bring two astronauts to the moon's surface and take off again to successfully dock with the command module. A powerful rocket, the Saturn V, was built to ...(35)... from Earth's orbit. NASA's space programme ...(36)... a catastrophic setback in 1967 when three Apollo astronauts died in a fire while practicing on the ground at Cape Kennedy. About 600 million people around the world watched the ...(37)... moon landing. Neill Armstrong's first words on the moon are among the most famous in history: *"One small step for man, one giant leap for mankind"*. All in all, the Apollo programme sent 9 spacecraft to the moon in the 1960s and 70s. Six of them ...(38)... astronauts on the lunar surface. About 400 kilos of lunar rock were ...(39)... and brought back to earth. 50 years after the first moon landing, events all across the US were organised to celebrate this historic and technological ...(40)... .

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|-----|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 31. | A) set | B) put | C) locate | D) lay |
| 32. | A) to taking off | B) took off | C) taking off | D) to take off |
| 33. | A) declared | B) published | C) posted | D) explained |
| 34. | A) spending | B) income | C) funding | D) donating |
| 35. | A) break | B) getaway | C) flee | D) escape |
| 36. | A) stood | B) suffered | C) tolerated | D) hardships |
| 37. | A) historic | B) ancient | C) major | D) important |
| 38. | A) development | B) discovery | C) landed | D) invention |
| 39. | A) taken out | B) collected | C) saved | D) found |
| 40. | A) discovery | B) development | C) invention | D) achievement |

For questions 41 – 50 read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space. Only one answer is correct.

POLAR BEARS

Polar bears are the largest carnivores in the world that live on land. They are found in the Arctic, and their preferred ...(41)... is on top of the Arctic ice. Here, they ...(42)... seals for food, and mate. Polar bears are very good swimmers, they paddle with their front legs and hold their hind legs flat to help them change ...(43)... . Sadly, polar bears are becoming seriously...(44)... for a number of reasons.

Oil companies are ...(45)... into the area, bringing a growing danger of oil pollution. At the same time, the Arctic ice is melting, ...(46)... global warming. Polar bears feed on the ice, so if it disappears, they will ...(47)... . A third danger comes from over-hunting. Thankfully, conservation ...(48)... are now working to ...(49)... parts of the Arctic and the wildlife that lives there. The Great Arctic Reserve, for example, is now a sanctuary for a variety of ...(50)..., such as seals, wild reindeer, and foxes.

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| 41. | A) place | B) habitat | C) house | D) surroundings |
| 42. | A) escape | B) chase | C) hunt | D) follow |
| 43. | A) direction | B) route | C) distance | D) way |
| 44. | A) alarmed | B) risked | C) scared | D) endangered |
| 45. | A) driving | B) moving | C) following | D) stepping |
| 46. | A) although | B) despite | C) concerning | D) due to |
| 47. | A) hunger | B) starve | C) nutrition | D) famine |
| 48. | A) facilities | B) authorities | C) organisations | D) infrastructure |
| 49. | A) defend | B) preserve | C) guard | D) help |
| 50. | A) kinds | B) families | C) species | D) groups |